



skin or psoriasis plaques (160 cm<sup>2</sup>) for 12 hours, and that much of the absorbed calcipotriene is converted to inactive metabolites within 24 hours of application.

Vitamin D and its metabolites are transported in the blood, bound to specific plasma proteins. The active form of the vitamin, 1,25-dihydroxy vitamin D<sub>3</sub> (calcitriol), is known to be recycled via the liver and excreted in the bile. Calcipotriene metabolism following systemic uptake is rapid, and occurs via a similar pathway to the natural hormone. The primary metabolites are much less potent than the parent compound.

There is evidence that maternal 1,25-dihydroxy vitamin D<sub>3</sub> (calcitriol) may enter the fetal circulation, but it is not known whether it is excreted in human milk. The systemic disposition of calcipotriene is expected to be similar to that of the naturally occurring vitamin.

## **CLINICAL STUDIES**

Adequate and well-controlled trials of patients treated with Dovonex Scalp Solution, 0.005%, have demonstrated improvement usually beginning after 2 weeks of therapy. This improvement continued with approximately 31% of patients appearing either cleared (14%) or almost cleared (17%) after 8 weeks of therapy.

## **INDICATIONS AND USAGE**

Dovonex (calcipotriene solution) Scalp Solution, 0.005%, is indicated for the topical treatment of chronic, moderately severe psoriasis of the scalp. The safety and effectiveness of topical calcipotriene in dermatoses other than psoriasis have not been established.

## **CONTRAINDICATIONS**

Dovonex Scalp Solution, 0.005%, is contraindicated in those patients with acute psoriatic eruptions or a history of hypersensitivity to any of the components of the preparation. It should not be used by patients with demonstrated hypercalcemia or evidence of vitamin D toxicity.

## **WARNINGS**

Avoid contact with the eyes or mucous membranes. Discontinue use if a sensitivity reaction occurs or if excessive irritation develops on uninvolved skin areas.

**Drug product is flammable. Keep away from open flame.**

## **PRECAUTIONS**

### **General**

Use of Dovonex Scalp Solution, 0.005%, may cause transient irritation of both lesions and surrounding uninvolved skin. If irritation develops, Dovonex Scalp Solution, 0.005%, should be discontinued.

For external use only. Keep out of the reach of children. Always wash hands thoroughly after use.

Reversible elevation of serum calcium has occurred with use of topical calcipotriene. If elevation in serum calcium outside the normal range should occur, discontinue treatment until normal calcium levels are restored.

### **Information for Patients**

Patients using Dovonex Scalp Solution, 0.005% should receive the following information and instructions:

1. This medication is to be used only as directed by the physician. It is for external use only. Avoid contact with the face or eyes. As with any topical medication, patients should wash their hands after application.
2. This medication should not be used for any disorder other than that for which it was prescribed.
3. Patients should report to their physician any signs of adverse reactions.
4. Patients that apply Dovonex to exposed portions of the body should avoid excessive exposure to either natural or artificial sunlight (including tanning booths, sun lamps, etc.)

### **Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility**

The potential of calcipotriene to induce carcinogenesis in standard long-term animal studies (in the absence of ultra-violet radiation (UVR)) has not been evaluated. In a study in which albino hairless mice were exposed to both UVR and topically applied calcipotriene, a reduction in the time required for UVR to induce the formation of skin tumors was observed (statistically significant in males only), suggesting that calcipotriene may enhance the effect of UVR to induce skin tumors. Patients that apply Dovonex to exposed portions of the body should avoid excessive exposure to either natural or artificial sunlight (including tanning booths, sun lamps, etc.). Physicians may wish to limit or avoid use of phototherapy in patients that use Dovonex.

Calcipotriene did not elicit any mutagenic effects in an Ames mutagenicity assay, a mouse lymphoma TK locus assay, a human lymphocyte chromosome aberration assay, or in a micronucleus assay conducted in mice.

Studies in rats at doses up to 54 µg/kg/day (318 µg/m<sup>2</sup>/day) of calcipotriene indicated no impairment of fertility or general reproductive performance.

## **Pregnancy**

### *Teratogenic Effects: Pregnancy Category C*

Studies of teratogenicity were done by the oral route where bioavailability is expected to be approximately 40-60% of the administered dose. Increased rabbit maternal and fetal toxicity was noted at 12  $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}/\text{day}$  (132  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^2/\text{day}$ ). Rabbits administered 36  $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}/\text{day}$  (396  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^2/\text{day}$ ) resulted in fetuses with a significant increase in the incidences of pubic bones, forelimb phalanges, and incomplete bone ossification. In a rat study, oral doses of 54  $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}/\text{day}$  (318  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^2/\text{day}$ ) resulted in a significantly higher incidence of skeletal abnormalities consisting primarily of enlarged fontanelles and extra ribs. The enlarged fontanelles are most likely due to calcipotriene's effect upon calcium metabolism. The maternal and fetal calculated no-effect exposures in the rat (43.2  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^2/\text{day}$ ) and rabbit (17.6  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^2/\text{day}$ ) studies are greater than the expected human systemic exposure level (0.13  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^2/\text{day}$ ) from dermal application. There are no adequate and well-controlled studies in pregnant women. Therefore, Dovonex Scalp Solution, 0.005%, should be used during pregnancy only if the potential benefit justifies the potential risk to the fetus.

## **Nursing Mothers**

There is evidence that maternal 1,25-dihydroxy vitamin D<sub>3</sub> (calcitriol) may enter the fetal circulation, but it is not known whether it is excreted in human milk. The systemic disposition of calcipotriene is expected to be similar to that of the naturally occurring vitamin. Because many drugs are excreted in human milk, caution should be exercised when Dovonex (calcipotriene solution) Scalp Solution, 0.005%, is administered to a nursing woman.

## **Pediatric Use**

Safety and effectiveness of Dovonex Scalp Solution, 0.005%, in pediatric patients have not been specifically established. Because of a higher ratio of skin surface area to body mass, pediatric patients are at greater risk than adults of systemic adverse effects when they are treated with topical medication.

## **Geriatric Use**

Of the total number of patients in clinical studies of calcipotriene solution, approximately 16% were 65 or older, while approximately 4% were 75 and over. The results of an analysis of severity of skin-related adverse events showed no differences for subjects over 65 years compared to those under 65 years, but greater sensitivity of some older individuals cannot be ruled out.

## ADVERSE REACTIONS

In controlled clinical trials, the most frequent adverse reactions reported to be related to Dovonex Scalp Solution, 0.005%, use were transient burning, stinging and tingling, which occurred in approximately 23% of patients. Rash was reported in about 11% of patients. Dry skin, irritation and worsening of psoriasis was reported in 1-5% of patients. Skin atrophy, hyperpigmentation, hypercalcemia, and folliculitis were not observed in these studies, but cannot be excluded.

## OVERDOSAGE

Topically applied calcipotriene can be absorbed in sufficient amounts to produce systemic effects. Elevated serum calcium has been observed with excessive use of topical calcipotriene. If elevation in serum calcium should occur, discontinue treatment until normal calcium levels are restored. (See **PRECAUTIONS.**)

## DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

Comb the hair to remove scaly debris and after suitably parting, apply Dovonex Scalp Solution, 0.005%, twice daily, only to the lesions, and rub in gently and completely, taking care to prevent the solution spreading onto the forehead. The safety and efficacy of Dovonex Scalp Solution, 0.005%, have been demonstrated in patients treated for eight weeks.

**Keep Dovonex Scalp Solution, 0.005%, well away from the eyes.** Avoid application of the solution to uninvolved scalp margins. **Always wash hands thoroughly after use.**

## HOW SUPPLIED

Dovonex<sup>®</sup> (calcipotriene solution) Scalp Solution, 0.005% is available in 60 mL plastic bottles (NDC 0072-1160-06).

## STORAGE

Store at controlled room temperature 15° C-25° C (59° F-77° F). Avoid sunlight. Do not freeze.



Manufactured by Leo Pharmaceutical Products, Ltd., Ballerup, Denmark

 Bristol-Myers Squibb Company

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Bristol-Myers Squibb Company

Princeton, NJ 08543 USA

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